

Calibration Laboratory of**Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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S Swiss Calibration Service

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**The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates**Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client

UL

Fremont, USA

Certificate No.

EX-3989_Jan24**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:3989

Calibration procedure(s)

**QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6,
QA CAL-25.v8****Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date

January 09, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP2	SN: 104778	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804/03805)	Mar-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03804)	Mar-24
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct23)	Oct-24
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	05-Oct-23 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct23)	Oct-24
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	30-Mar-23 (No. 217-03809)	Mar-24
DAE4	SN: 660	16-Mar-23 (No. DAE4-660_Mar23)	Mar-24
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	03-Nov-23 (No. EX3-7349_Nov23)	Nov-24

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
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RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-22)	In house check: Jun-24
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-22)	In house check: Oct-24

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by	Joanna Lleshaj	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by	Sven Kölln	Technical Manager	
Issued: January 14, 2024			
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

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Glossary

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure For The Assessment Of Specific Absorption Rate Of Human Exposure To Radio Frequency Fields From Hand-Held And Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices – Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation And Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3989

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc ($k = 2$)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$) ^A	0.54	0.54	0.47	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) ^B	100.3	97.8	100.2	$\pm 4.7\%$

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B $\text{dB}\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E $k = 2$
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	139.0	$\pm 1.9\%$	$\pm 4.7\%$
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		124.1		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		126.2		
10352	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	20.00	90.35	20.32	10.00	60.0	$\pm 2.8\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	20.00	95.20	23.28		60.0		
		Z	20.00	91.40	20.96		60.0		
10353	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	20.00	92.36	20.43	6.99	80.0	$\pm 1.5\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	20.00	99.78	24.44		80.0		
		Z	20.00	94.28	21.43		80.0		
10354	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	99.46	22.79	3.98	95.0	$\pm 1.2\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	20.00	111.43	28.61		95.0		
		Z	20.00	102.29	24.09		95.0		
10355	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	114.48	28.70	2.22	120.0	$\pm 1.4\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	20.00	133.89	37.35		120.0		
		Z	20.00	115.42	28.90		120.0		
10387	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	2.13	70.63	17.90	1.00	150.0	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	2.05	69.15	17.31		150.0		
		Z	1.84	67.94	16.20		150.0		
10388	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.92	73.02	18.60	0.00	150.0	$\pm 1.0\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	2.91	72.48	18.25		150.0		
		Z	2.44	69.70	16.81		150.0		
10396	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.31	73.78	20.83	3.01	150.0	$\pm 0.8\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	3.44	73.00	20.51		150.0		
		Z	3.17	72.69	20.03		150.0		
10399	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.76	68.63	16.87	0.00	150.0	$\pm 0.9\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	3.86	68.78	16.93		150.0		
		Z	3.63	67.81	16.27		150.0		
10414	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz	X	4.96	66.13	16.00	0.00	150.0	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.16	66.44	16.19		150.0		
		Z	4.93	65.99	15.80		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 to 7).

^B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3989

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V^{-1}	T1 msV^{-2}	T2 msV^{-1}	T3 ms	T4 V^{-2}	T5 V^{-1}	T6
x	47.1	345.23	34.74	18.68	0.00	5.07	1.10	0.21	1.01
y	55.8	419.81	36.35	13.40	0.30	5.10	0.36	0.48	1.01
z	45.1	331.68	34.80	16.61	0.00	5.08	1.64	0.13	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	87.6°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3–4 mm for an *Area Scan* job.

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3989

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity ^F (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
6	55.0	0.75	20.83	20.83	20.83	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
13	55.0	0.75	18.85	18.85	18.85	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
30	55.0	0.75	16.75	16.75	16.75	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
64	54.2	0.75	14.52	14.52	14.52	0.00	1.25	±13.3%
450	43.5	0.87	11.45	11.45	11.45	0.16	1.30	±13.3%
750	41.9	0.89	10.30	9.78	9.97	0.40	1.27	±12.0%
900	41.5	0.97	9.51	9.02	9.33	0.40	1.27	±12.0%
1450	40.5	1.20	8.39	8.08	8.30	0.53	1.27	±12.0%
1640	40.2	1.31	8.51	8.11	8.22	0.51	1.27	±12.0%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.98	8.51	8.77	0.29	1.27	±12.0%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.42	8.07	8.24	0.32	1.27	±12.0%
2100	39.8	1.49	8.19	7.85	8.04	0.33	1.27	±12.0%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.09	7.77	7.93	0.33	1.27	±12.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.92	7.61	7.78	0.33	1.27	±12.0%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.97	7.66	7.82	0.32	1.27	±12.0%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.26	6.94	7.05	0.38	1.27	±14.0%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.86	6.63	6.73	0.38	1.27	±14.0%
3700	37.7	3.12	7.02	6.79	6.88	0.38	1.27	±14.0%
3900	37.5	3.32	7.06	6.80	6.91	0.39	1.27	±14.0%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.88	6.65	6.73	0.39	1.27	±14.0%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.93	6.69	6.77	0.39	1.27	±14.0%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.80	6.53	6.62	0.39	1.27	±14.0%
4600	36.7	4.04	7.01	6.79	6.83	0.39	1.27	±14.0%
4800	36.4	4.25	7.01	6.75	6.83	0.39	1.27	±14.0%
4950	36.3	4.40	6.66	6.36	6.47	0.46	1.36	±14.0%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.46	5.22	5.24	0.35	1.64	±14.0%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.92	4.67	4.73	0.42	1.67	±14.0%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.95	4.65	4.79	0.43	1.75	±14.0%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

^F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ϵ and σ by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10%. If TSL with deviations from the target of less than ±5% are used, the calibration uncertainties are 11.1% for 0.7 - 3 GHz and 13.1% for 3 - 6 GHz.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3989

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity ^F (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
5850	35.2	5.32	4.70	4.48	4.51	0.44	1.78	±14.0%

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Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3989

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

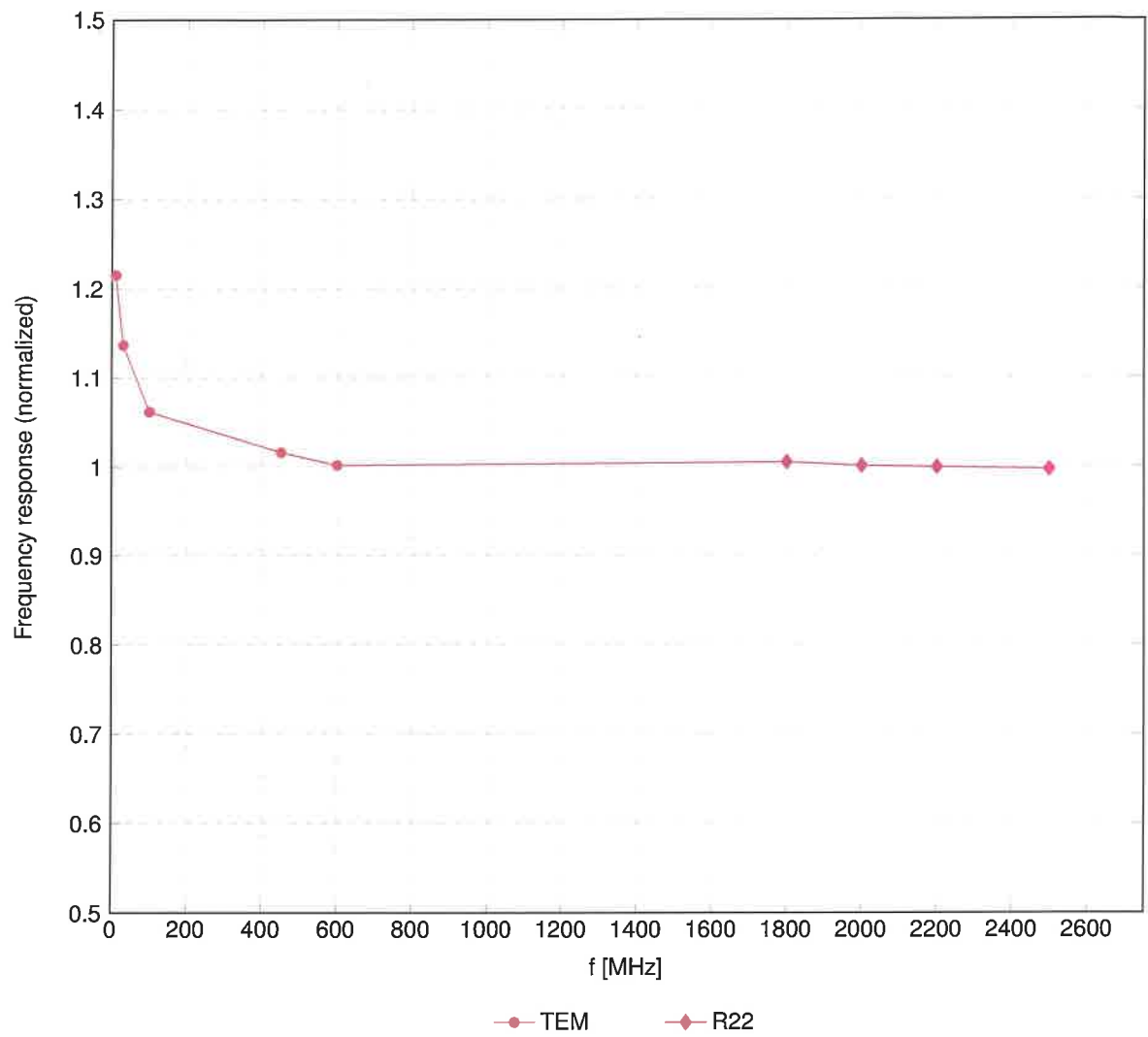
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity ^F (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
6500	34.5	6.07	5.67	5.43	5.41	0.20	2.50	±18.6%

^C Frequency validity at 6.5 GHz is -600/+700 MHz, and ±700 MHz at or above 7 GHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

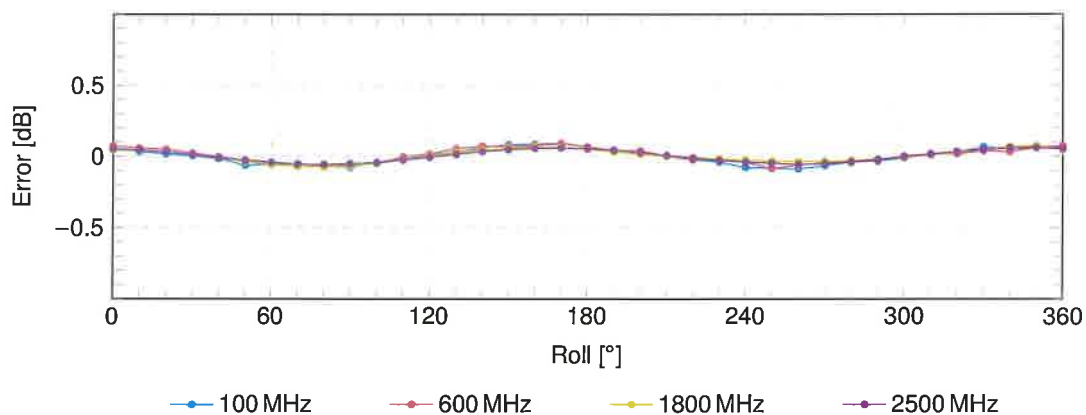
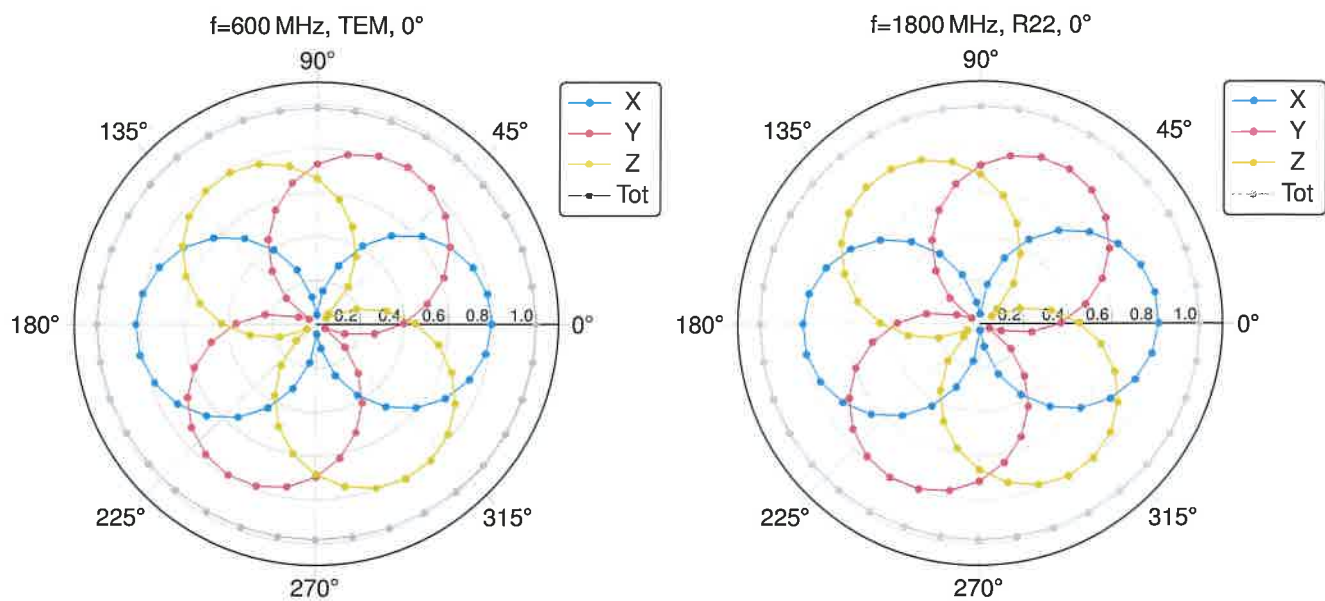
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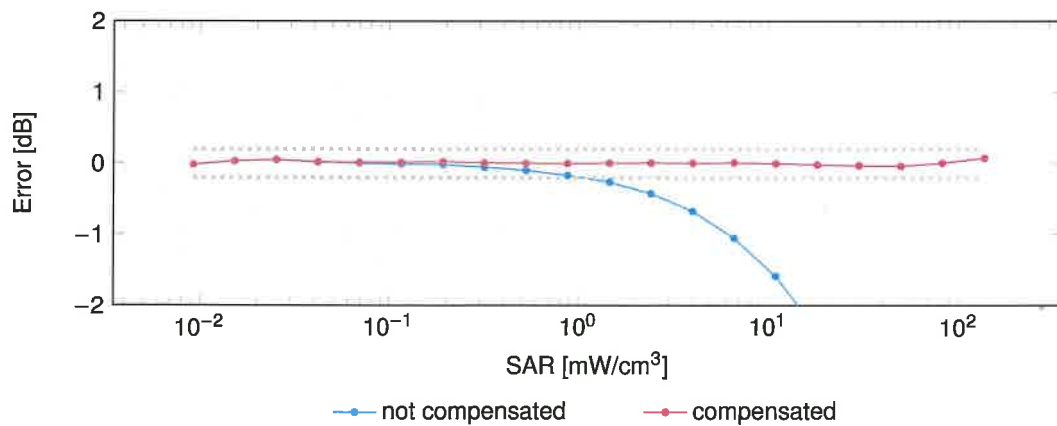
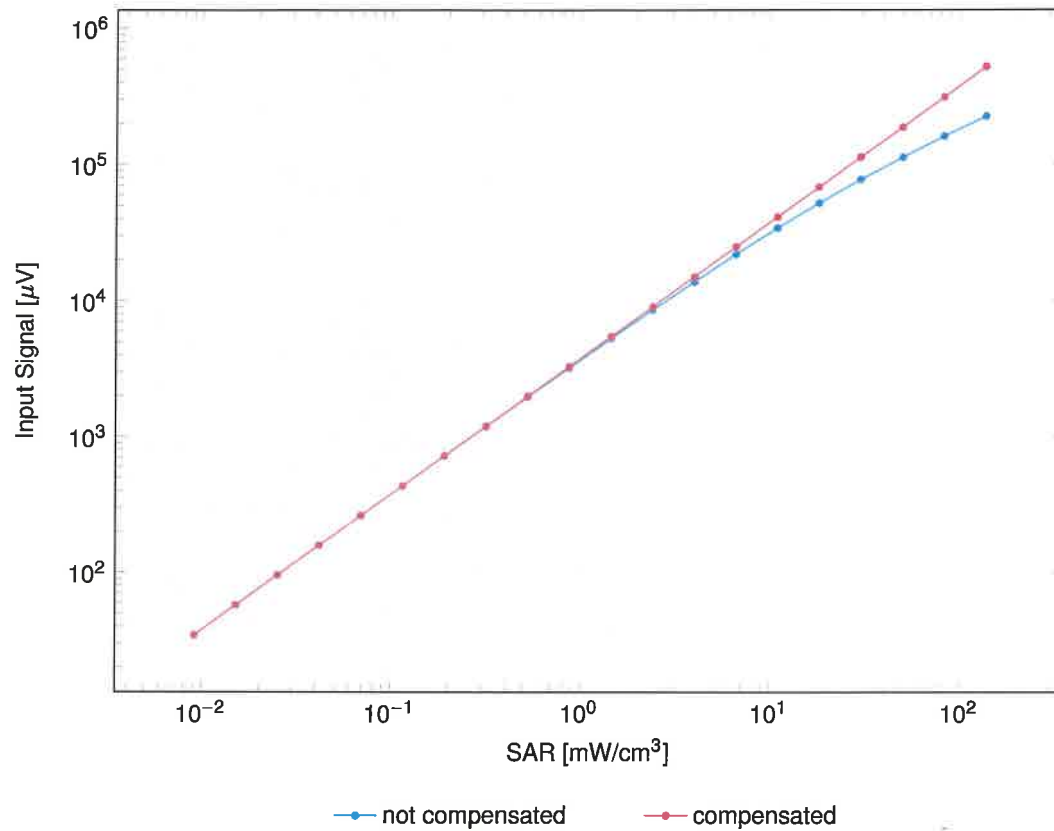
^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz; and below ±4% for frequencies between 6–10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)

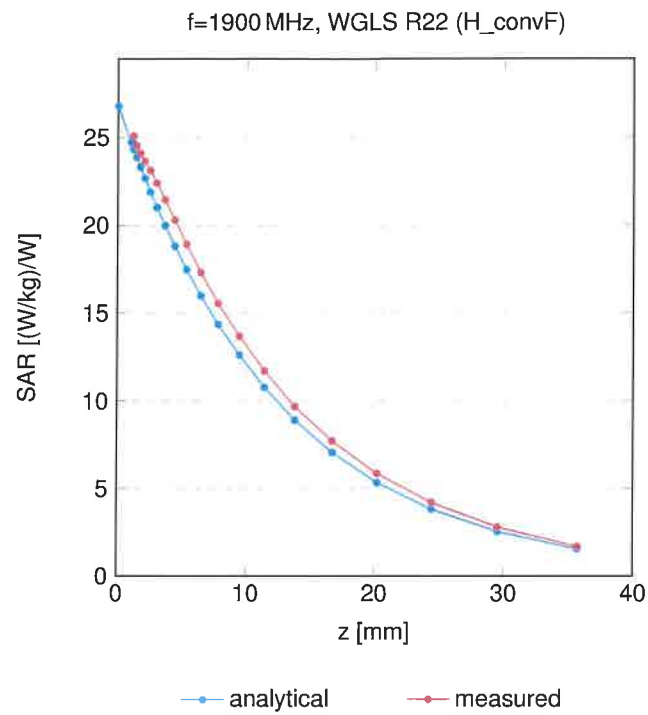


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$ Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

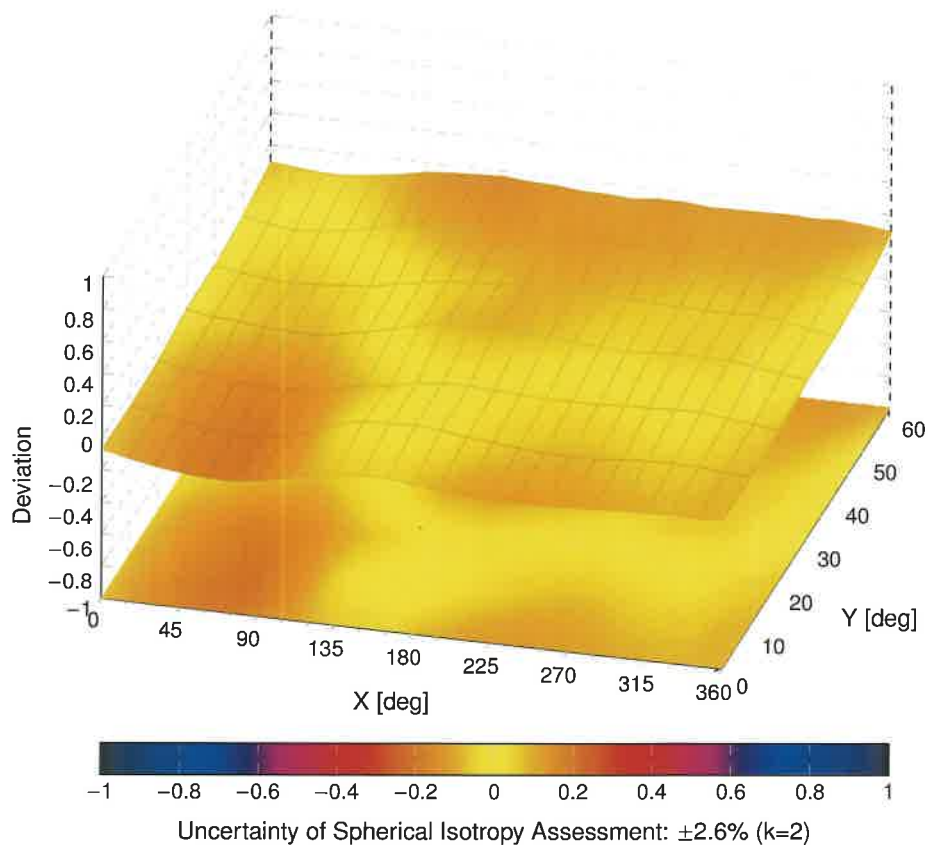
Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell, $f_{\text{eval}} = 1900 \text{ MHz}$)Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900\text{ MHz}$





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UL
Fremont, USA

Certificate No.

EX-7850_Oct23

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EX3DV4 - SN:7850

Calibration procedure(s)

**QA CAL-01.v10, QA CAL-12.v10, QA CAL-14.v7, QA CAL-23.v6,
QA CAL-25.v8
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

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	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by	Joanna Lleshaj	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	
			Issued: October 30, 2023
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

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- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7850

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k = 2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.67	0.64	0.63	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) ^B	106.9	107.9	111.7	$\pm 4.7\%$

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E k = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	125.5	$\pm 1.2\%$	$\pm 4.7\%$
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		116.6		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		123.4		
10352	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	1.57	60.79	6.47	10.00	60.0	$\pm 2.8\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	14.00	78.00	13.00		60.0		
		Z	2.00	62.00	7.00		60.0		
10353	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	0.79	60.00	4.92	6.99	80.0	$\pm 2.8\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	0.82	60.00	4.91		80.0		
		Z	0.85	60.00	4.84		80.0		
10354	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	0.23	147.81	0.05	3.98	95.0	$\pm 2.8\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	0.04	127.01	0.15		95.0		
		Z	0.32	153.78	4.54		95.0		
10355	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	6.95	159.99	20.61	2.22	120.0	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	5.76	159.99	3.61		120.0		
		Z	7.92	159.94	17.91		120.0		
10387	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	0.58	64.85	13.33	1.00	150.0	$\pm 4.0\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	0.44	61.52	10.73		150.0		
		Z	0.43	62.54	11.95		150.0		
10388	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	1.40	66.72	14.41	0.00	150.0	$\pm 0.9\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	1.18	64.33	12.88		150.0		
		Z	1.32	66.87	13.98		150.0		
10396	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	1.63	63.89	15.81	3.01	150.0	$\pm 1.1\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	1.65	64.22	15.77		150.0		
		Z	1.71	64.92	15.94		150.0		
10399	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	2.84	66.50	15.26	0.00	150.0	$\pm 2.2\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	2.68	65.54	14.61		150.0		
		Z	2.80	66.90	15.27		150.0		
10414	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz	X	3.95	66.75	15.66	0.00	150.0	$\pm 3.7\%$	$\pm 9.6\%$
		Y	3.81	66.06	15.21		150.0		
		Z	3.70	66.50	15.32		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5).

^B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7850

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V^{-1}	T1 msV^{-2}	T2 msV^{-1}	T3 ms	T4 V^{-2}	T5 V^{-1}	T6
x	9.4	67.42	33.19	2.02	0.00	4.90	0.00	0.05	1.00
y	9.6	69.64	33.51	3.55	0.00	4.93	0.42	0.01	1.00
z	7.9	55.84	31.90	4.31	0.00	4.90	0.64	0.00	1.00

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	-70.7°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3–4 mm for an *Area Scan* job.

Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7850

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity ^F (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.69	8.82	9.00	0.37	1.27	±12.0%
900	41.5	0.97	9.17	8.64	8.74	0.37	1.27	±12.0%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.89	8.25	8.28	0.24	1.27	±12.0%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.98	7.41	7.51	0.27	1.27	±12.0%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.47	6.92	7.04	0.29	1.27	±12.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.30	6.82	6.94	0.29	1.27	±12.0%
2600	39.0	1.96	6.95	6.46	6.59	0.28	1.27	±12.0%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.59	5.24	5.42	0.36	1.62	±14.0%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.69	4.42	4.64	0.39	1.75	±14.0%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.90	4.55	4.78	0.36	1.84	±14.0%

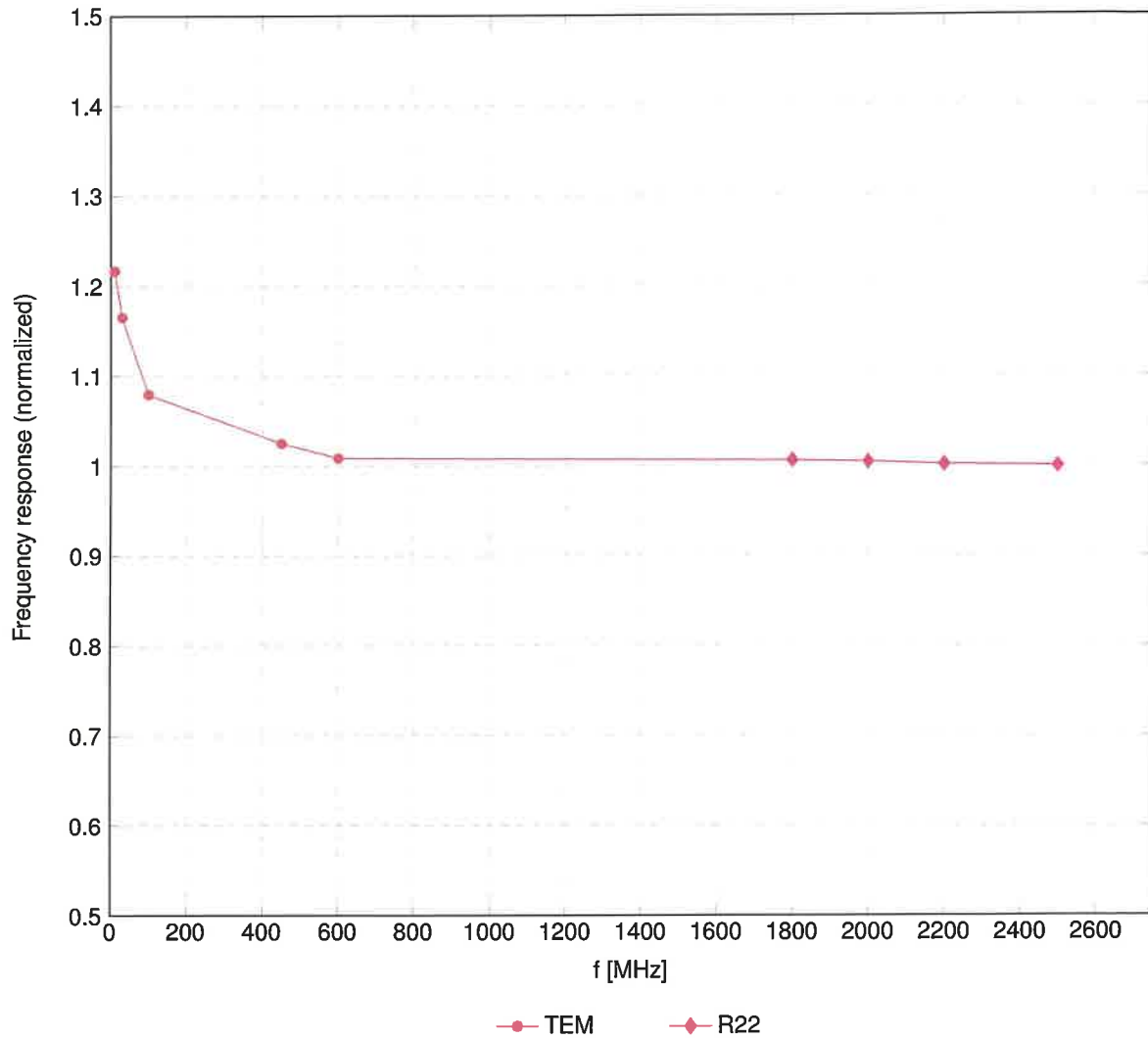
^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

^F The probes are calibrated using tissue simulating liquids (TSL) that deviate for ϵ and σ by less than ±5% from the target values (typically better than ±3%) and are valid for TSL with deviations of up to ±10%. If TSL with deviations from the target of less than ±5% are used, the calibration uncertainties are 11.1% for 0.7 - 3 GHz and 13.1% for 3 - 6 GHz.

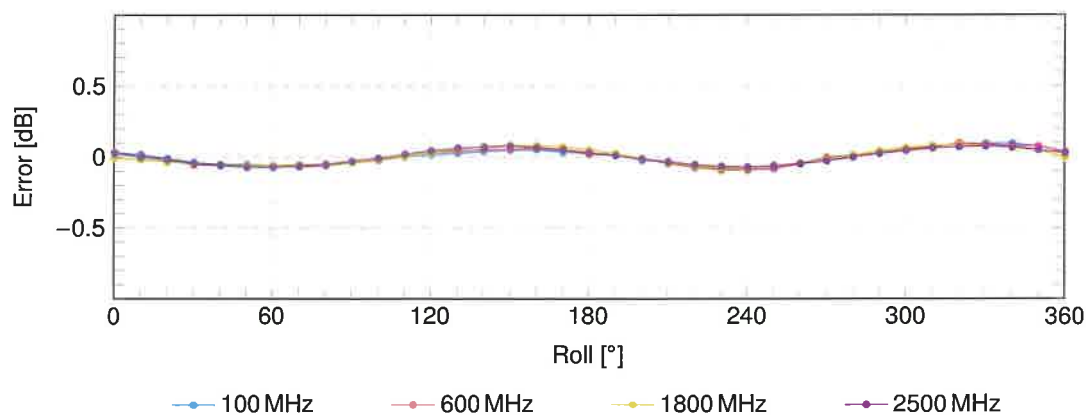
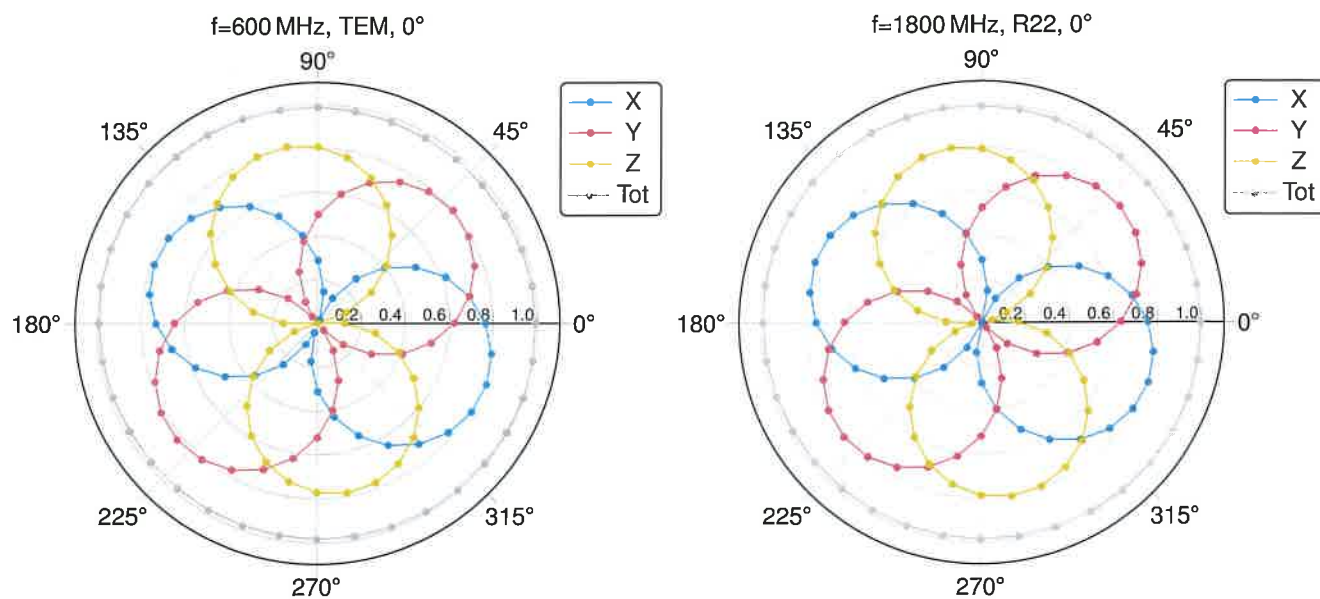
^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field

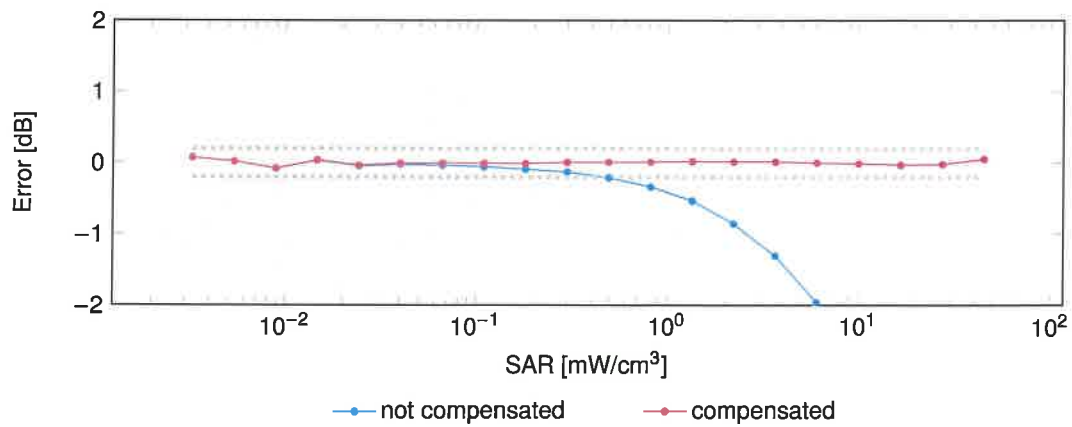
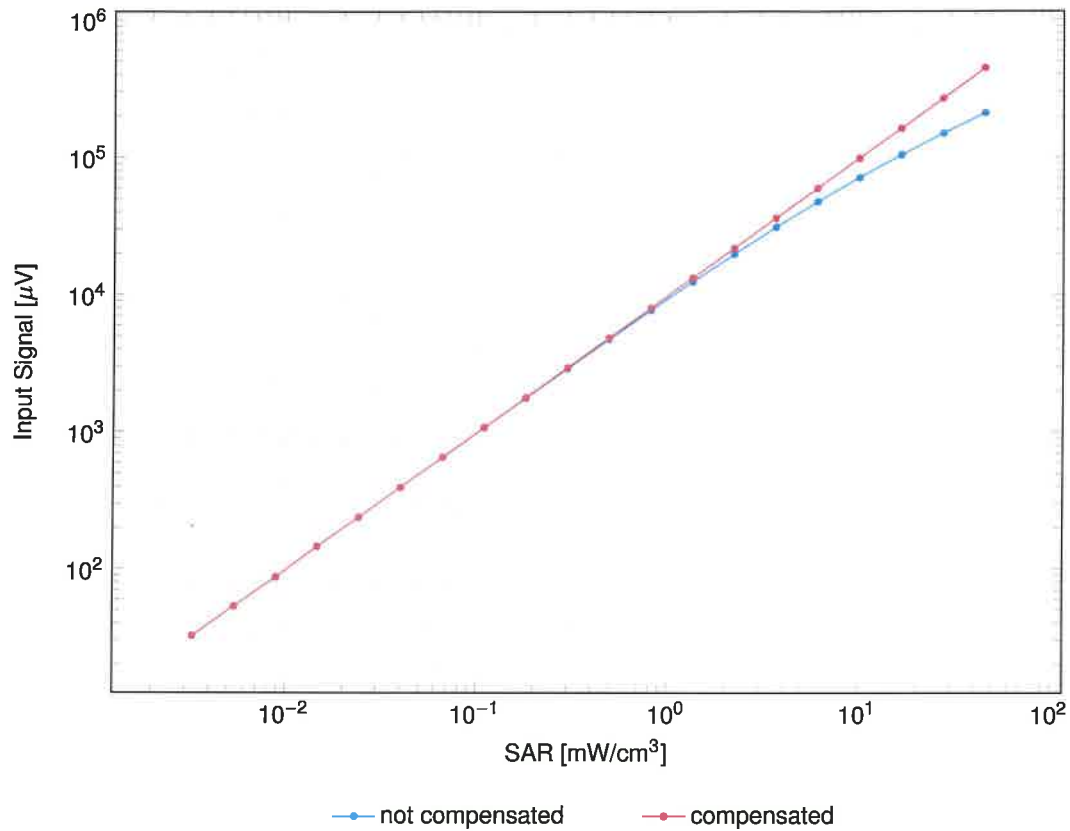
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)



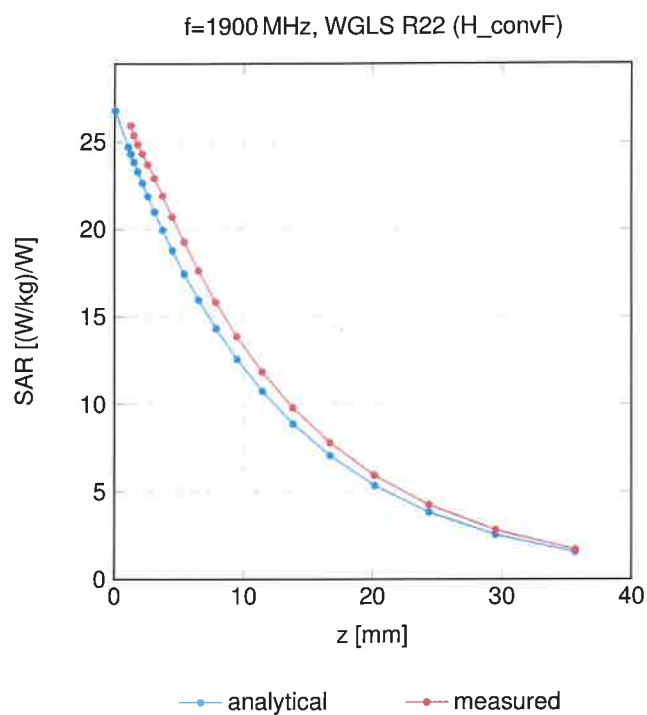
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$ 

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

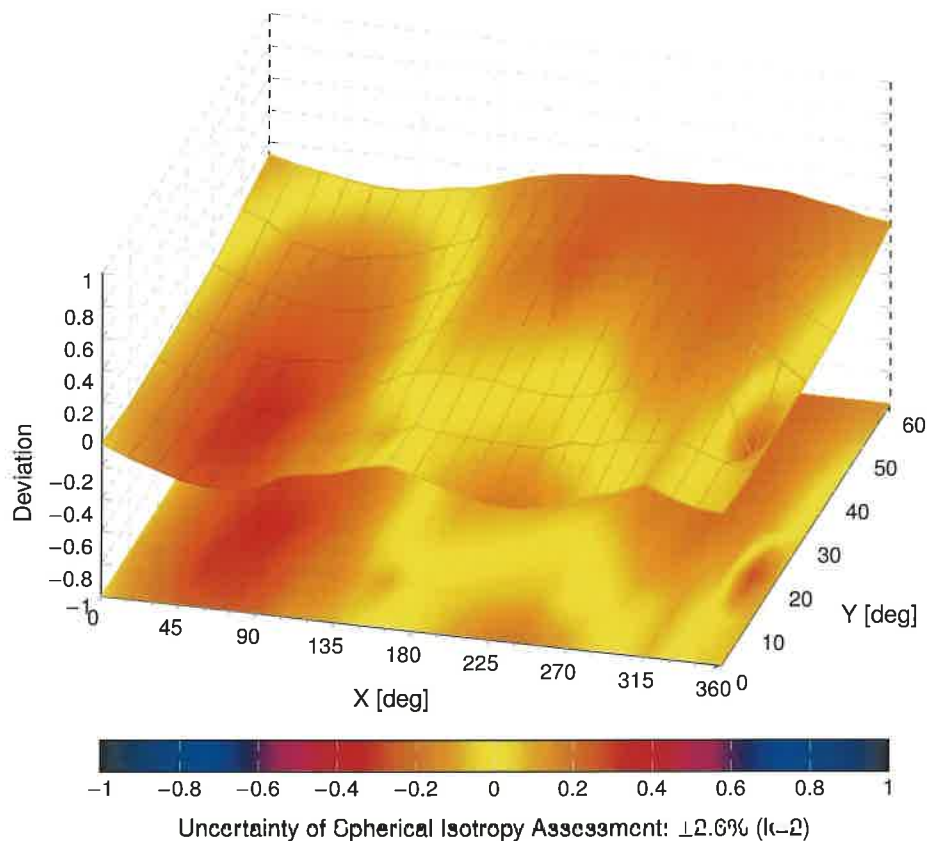
Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell, $f_{\text{eval}} = 1900\text{MHz}$)Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900\text{ MHz}$





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

UL
Fremont, USA

Certificate No.

EUmm-9589_Sep23

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

EUmmWV4 - SN:9589

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-02.v9, QA CAL-25.v8, QA CAL-42.v3
**Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field
evaluations in air**

Calibration date

September 05, 2023

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power sensor NRP110T	SN: 101244	12-Apr-23 (No. 0001A300692178)	Apr-24
Spectrum analyzer FSV40	SN: 101832	23-Jan-23 (No. 4030-315005314)	Jan-24
Ref. Probe EUmmWV3	SN: 9374	22-May-23 (No. EUmm-9374_May23)	May-24
DAE4ip	SN: 1662	24-Aug-23 (No. DAE4ip-1662_Aug23)	Aug-24

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Generator APSIN26G	SN: 669	28-Mar-17 (in house check May-23)	In house check: May-24
Generator Agilent E8251A	SN: US41140111	28-Mar-17 (in house check May-23)	In house check: May-24

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	

Issued: September 21, 2023

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary

NORM _{x,y}	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system
Sensor Angles	sensor deviation from the probe axis, used to calculate the field orientation and polarization
$\vec{k}$	is the wave propagation direction

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **NORM_{x,y}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). For frequencies > 6 GHz, the far field in front of waveguide horn antennas is measured for a set of frequencies in various waveguide bands up to 110 GHz.
- **DCP_{x,y}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
Note: As the field is measured with a diode detector sensor, it is warranted that the probe response is linear (E^2) below the documented lowest calibrated value.
- **PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- The frequency sensor model parameters are determined prior to calibration based on a frequency sweep (sensor model involving resistors R, R_p, inductance L and capacitors C, C_p).
- **A_{x,y}; B_{x,y}; C_{x,y}; D_{x,y}; VR_{x,y}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- **Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- **Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the **NORM_x** (no uncertainty required).
- **Equivalent Sensor Angle**: The two probe sensors are mounted in the same plane at different angles. The angles are assessed using the information gained by determining the **NORM_x** (no uncertainty required).
- **Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide / horn setup.

Parameters of Probe: EUmmWV4 - SN:9589

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Unc ($k = 2$)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	0.01962	0.02223	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) ^B	105.0	105.0	$\pm 4.7\%$
Equivalent Sensor Angle	-61.2	35.7	

Calibration Results for Frequency Response (750 MHz – 110 GHz)

Frequency GHz	Target E-Field V/m	Deviation Sensor X dB	Deviation Sensor Y dB	Unc ($k = 2$) dB
0.75	77.2	-0.24	-0.30	± 0.43
1.8	140.4	-0.03	-0.04	± 0.43
2.0	133.0	0.14	0.14	± 0.43
2.2	124.8	-0.07	-0.06	± 0.43
2.5	123.0	0.07	0.13	± 0.43
3.5	256.2	-0.15	-0.17	± 0.43
3.7	249.8	0.01	-0.04	± 0.43
6.6	74.7	-0.08	-0.24	± 0.98
8.0	67.2	-0.05	-0.13	± 0.98
10.0	66.2	-0.00	0.03	± 0.98
15.0	51.2	0.20	0.15	± 0.98
26.6	112.6	0.09	0.08	± 0.98
30.0	121.9	0.00	0.00	± 0.98
35.0	121.3	-0.09	-0.09	± 0.98
40.0	102.3	-0.16	-0.15	± 0.98
50.0	61.5	0.07	0.05	± 0.98
55.0	75.9	-0.03	-0.06	± 0.98
60.0	80.5	-0.00	0.01	± 0.98
65.0	77.1	0.12	0.16	± 0.98
70.0	74.3	0.13	0.10	± 0.98
75.0	74.8	-0.02	-0.07	± 0.98
75.0	96.6	-0.01	-0.04	± 0.98
80.0	95.4	-0.14	-0.13	± 0.98
85.0	58.0	-0.05	-0.05	± 0.98
90.0	84.0	0.01	0.02	± 0.98
92.0	83.9	0.04	0.03	± 0.98
95.0	76.2	-0.02	-0.04	± 0.98
97.0	69.1	0.01	-0.03	± 0.98
100.0	66.9	0.08	0.06	± 0.98
105.0	67.2	-0.26	-0.19	± 0.98
110.0	78.1	0.17	0.14	± 0.98

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

Parameters of Probe: EUMmWV4 - SN:9589

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E k = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	127.8	±3.0%	±4.7%
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		70.0		
10352	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	3.90	61.74	15.95	10.00	6.0	±1.4%	±9.6%
		Y	3.10	60.00	15.89		6.0		
10353	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	3.06	63.01	15.26	6.99	12.0	±0.8%	±9.6%
		Y	2.14	60.00	14.83		12.0		
10354	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	1.81	62.71	13.82	3.98	23.0	±1.4%	±9.6%
		Y	1.29	60.00	13.59		23.0		
10355	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	0.85	60.00	11.85	2.22	27.0	±1.0%	±9.6%
		Y	0.82	60.00	12.65		27.0		
10387	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.26	60.00	12.14	1.00	22.0	±1.4%	±9.6%
		Y	1.33	60.00	12.28		22.0		
10388	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	1.29	60.00	11.77	0.00	22.0	±0.8%	±9.6%
		Y	1.40	60.00	11.87		22.0		
10396	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.72	66.35	16.33	3.01	17.0	±0.6%	±9.6%
		Y	20.00	87.21	23.07		17.0		
10399	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	2.10	60.00	12.31	0.00	19.0	±0.9%	±9.6%
		Y	2.16	60.00	12.45		19.0		
10414	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz	X	3.29	60.00	12.76	0.00	12.0	±0.8%	±9.6%
		Y	3.26	60.00	12.92		12.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Parameters of Probe: EUmmWV4 - SN:9589

Calibration Results for Linearity Response

Frequency GHz	Target E-Field V/m	Deviation Sensor X dB	Deviation Sensor Y dB	Unc ($k = 2$) dB
0.9	50.0	-0.06	0.06	± 0.2
0.9	100.0	0.01	0.00	± 0.2
0.9	500.0	0.02	0.01	± 0.2
0.9	1000.0	0.05	0.04	± 0.2
0.9	1500.0	0.05	0.03	± 0.2
0.9	2100.0	0.03	0.02	± 0.2

Sensor Frequency Model Parameters (750 MHz – 55 GHz)

	Sensor X	Sensor Y
R (Ω)	81.31	115.13
R _p (Ω)	122.63	170.38
L (nH)	0.08365	0.10857
C (pF)	0.1682	0.1563
C _p (pF)	0.0673	0.0519

Sensor Frequency Model Parameters (55 GHz – 110 GHz)

	Sensor X	Sensor Y
R (Ω)	34.80	22.11
R _p (Ω)	157.85	101.06
L (nH)	0.08011	0.05043
C (pF)	0.0570	0.0940
C _p (pF)	0.0676	0.1083

Sensor Model Parameters

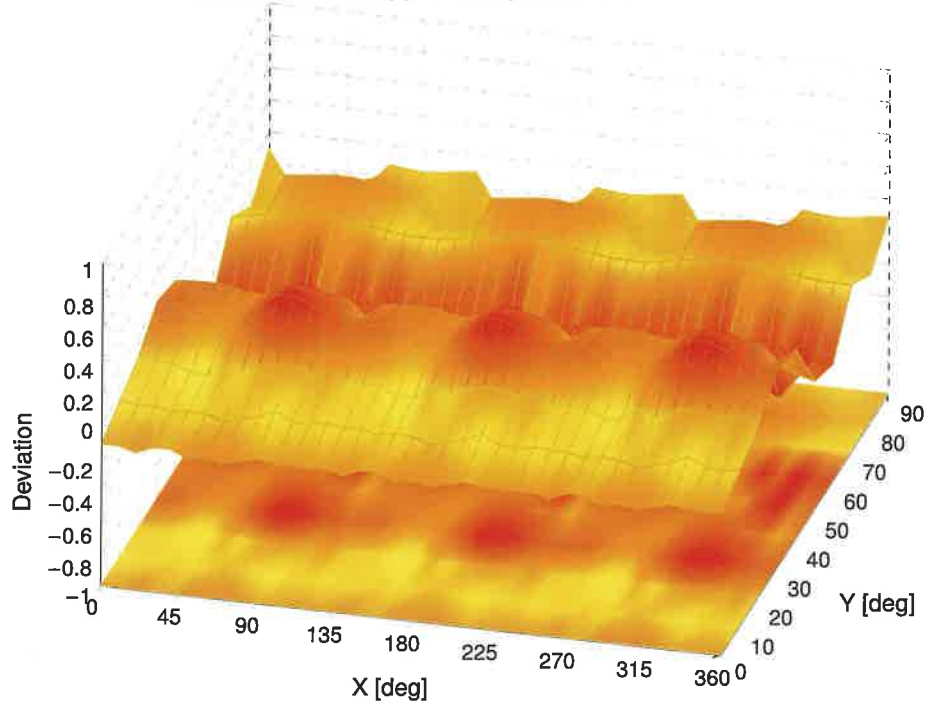
	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V^{-1}	T1 msV^{-2}	T2 msV^{-1}	T3 ms	T4 V^{-2}	T5 V^{-1}	T6
x	62.7	454.13	33.57	0.00	10.00	5.03	0.00	2.00	1.01
y	61.5	442.63	33.27	0.00	10.00	5.04	2.00	2.00	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

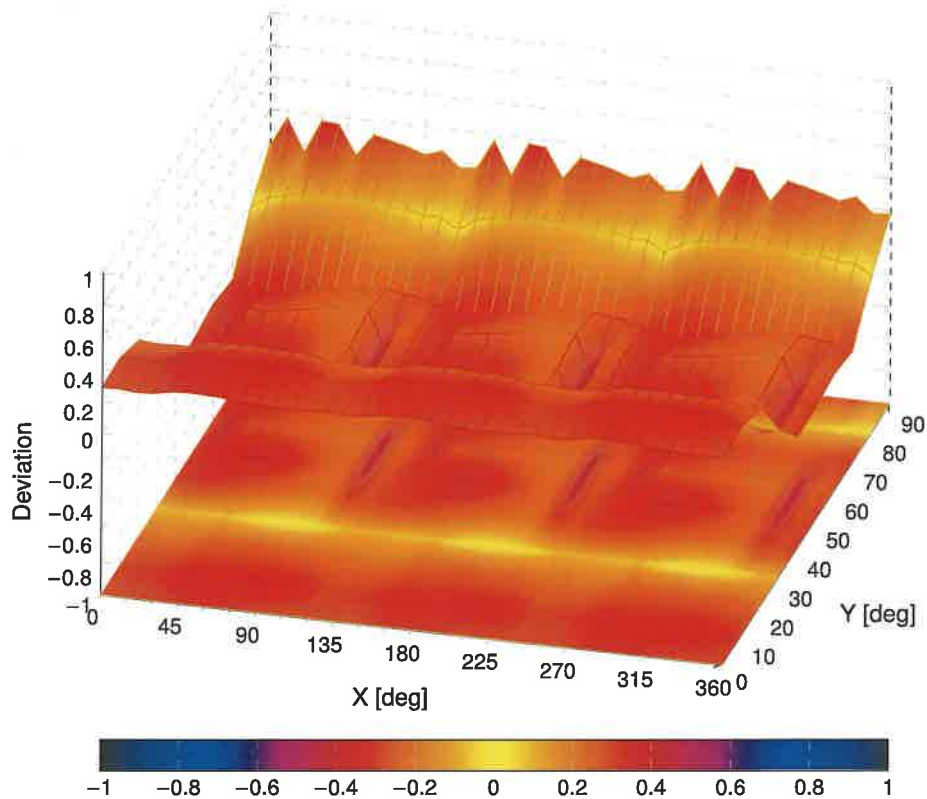
Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle	-139.6°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	320 mm
Probe Body Diameter	8 mm
Tip Length	23 mm
Tip Diameter	8.0 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1.5 mm

Deviation from Isotropy in Air

30GHz: 3D isotropy, E-field parallel to probe axis



60GHz: 3D isotropy, E-field parallel to probe axis



Probe isotropy for E_{tot} : probe rotated $\phi = 0^\circ$ to 360° , tilted from field propagation direction $\vec{k}$
 Parallel to the field propagation ($\psi = 0^\circ - 90^\circ$) at 30 GHz: deviation within ± 0.37 dB
 Parallel to the field propagation ($\psi = 0^\circ - 90^\circ$) at 60 GHz: deviation within ± 0.41 dB



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

UL

Research Triangle Park, USA

Certificate No.

EUmm-9619_Mar24

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EUmmWV4 - SN:9619

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-02.v9, QA CAL-25.v8, QA CAL-42.v3
Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field
evaluations in air

Calibration date March 08, 2024

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) °C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power sensor NRP110T	SN: 101244	12-Apr-23 (No. 0001A300692178)	Apr-24
Spectrum analyzer FSV40	SN: 101832	25-Jan-24 (No. 4030-315007551)	Jan-25
Ref. Probe EUmmWV3	SN: 9374	04-Dec-23 (No. EUmm-9374_Dec23)	Dec-24
DAE4ip	SN: 1662	08-Nov-23 (No. DAE4ip-1662_Nov23)	Nov-24

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Generator APSIN26G	SN: 669	28-Mar-17 (in house check May-23)	In house check: May-24
Generator Agilent E8251A	SN: US41140111	28-Mar-17 (in house check May-23)	In house check: May-24

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by	Sven Kühn	Technical Manager	

Issued: March 12, 2024

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Glossary

NORM _{x,y}	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system
Sensor Angles	sensor deviation from the probe axis, used to calculate the field orientation and polarization
$\vec{k}$	is the wave propagation direction

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). For frequencies > 6 GHz, the far field in front of waveguide horn antennas is measured for a set of frequencies in various waveguide bands up to 110 GHz.
- DCP_{x,y}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
Note: As the field is measured with a diode detector sensor, it is warranted that the probe response is linear (E^2) below the documented lowest calibrated value.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- The frequency sensor model parameters are determined prior to calibration based on a frequency sweep (sensor model involving resistors R, R_p , inductance L and capacitors C, C_p).
- A_{x,y}; B_{x,y}; C_{x,y}; D_{x,y}; VR_{x,y}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the **NORM_x** (no uncertainty required).
- Equivalent Sensor Angle**: The two probe sensors are mounted in the same plane at different angles. The angles are assessed using the information gained by determining the **NORM_x** (no uncertainty required).
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide / horn setup.

Parameters of Probe: EUmmWV4 - SN:9619

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Unc (k = 2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	0.02260	0.02516	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) ^B	105.0	105.0	$\pm 4.7\%$
Equivalent Sensor Angle	-58.4	34.5	

Calibration Results for Frequency Response (750 MHz – 110 GHz)

Frequency GHz	Target E-Field V/m	Deviation Sensor X dB	Deviation Sensor Y dB	Unc (k = 2) dB
0.75	77.2	-0.09	-0.28	± 0.43
1.8	140.4	-0.01	-0.01	± 0.43
2.0	133.0	0.12	0.16	± 0.43
2.2	124.8	-0.07	-0.06	± 0.43
2.5	123.0	0.07	0.09	± 0.43
3.5	256.2	-0.19	-0.20	± 0.43
3.7	249.8	-0.06	-0.09	± 0.43
6.6	74.7	-0.22	-0.30	± 0.98
8.0	67.2	-0.09	-0.12	± 0.98
10.0	66.2	0.02	0.03	± 0.98
15.0	51.2	0.11	0.17	± 0.98
26.6	112.6	0.16	0.13	± 0.98
30.0	121.9	-0.01	-0.01	± 0.98
35.0	121.3	-0.10	-0.09	± 0.98
40.0	102.3	-0.14	-0.14	± 0.98
50.0	61.5	0.08	0.07	± 0.98
55.0	75.9	0.01	-0.02	± 0.98
60.0	80.5	-0.02	-0.01	± 0.98
65.0	77.1	0.11	0.13	± 0.98
70.0	74.3	0.15	0.14	± 0.98
75.0	74.8	0.04	-0.02	± 0.98
75.0	96.6	0.03	-0.02	± 0.98
80.0	95.4	-0.10	-0.11	± 0.98
85.0	58.0	-0.04	-0.08	± 0.98
90.0	84.0	-0.01	0.01	± 0.98
92.0	83.9	0.03	0.02	± 0.98
95.0	76.2	0.01	-0.04	± 0.98
97.0	69.1	0.04	-0.02	± 0.98
100.0	66.9	0.14	0.11	± 0.98
105.0	67.2	-0.18	-0.15	± 0.98
110.0	78.1	0.05	0.06	± 0.98

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

Parameters of Probe: EUmmWV4 - SN:9619

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E k = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	144.2	±3.0%	±4.7%
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		72.7		
10352	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	3.26	61.32	15.17	10.00	6.0	±3.0%	±9.6%
		Y	3.07	60.00	15.28		6.0		
10353	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	2.61	62.93	14.62	6.99	12.0	±1.1%	±9.6%
		Y	2.10	60.00	14.23		12.0		
10354	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	1.68	63.84	13.72	3.98	23.0	±1.5%	±9.6%
		Y	1.27	60.00	13.02		23.0		
10355	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	0.69	60.00	11.40	2.22	27.0	±1.1%	±9.6%
		Y	0.84	60.00	12.07		27.0		
10387	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.21	60.00	12.40	1.00	22.0	±1.4%	±9.6%
		Y	1.35	60.00	12.15		22.0		
10388	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	1.22	60.00	12.09	0.00	22.0	±0.9%	±9.6%
		Y	1.46	60.00	11.79		22.0		
10396	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.85	67.39	16.75	3.01	17.0	±0.7%	±9.6%
		Y	5.32	70.16	17.71		17.0		
10399	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	2.06	60.08	12.56	0.00	19.0	±1.0%	±9.6%
		Y	2.23	60.00	12.37		19.0		
10414	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz	X	3.53	60.99	13.34	0.00	12.0	±1.4%	±9.6%
		Y	3.38	60.00	12.82		12.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Parameters of Probe: EUmmWV4 - SN:9619

Calibration Results for Linearity Response

Frequency GHz	Target E-Field V/m	Deviation Sensor X dB	Deviation Sensor Y dB	Unc ($k = 2$) dB
0.9	50.0	-0.05	0.08	± 0.2
0.9	100.0	-0.01	0.12	± 0.2
0.9	500.0	0.03	0.02	± 0.2
0.9	1000.0	0.06	0.04	± 0.2
0.9	1500.0	0.04	0.04	± 0.2
0.9	2100.0	0.02	0.01	± 0.2

Sensor Frequency Model Parameters (750 MHz – 55 GHz)

	Sensor X	Sensor Y
R (Ω)	54.49	91.54
R _p (Ω)	80.23	131.09
L (nH)	0.05536	0.08227
C (pF)	0.2616	0.2102
C _p (pF)	0.0997	0.0651

Sensor Frequency Model Parameters (55 GHz – 110 GHz)

	Sensor X	Sensor Y
R (Ω)	25.51	33.64
R _p (Ω)	107.59	142.31
L (nH)	0.05292	0.06998
C (pF)	0.0882	0.0686
C _p (pF)	0.0989	0.0772

Sensor Model Parameters

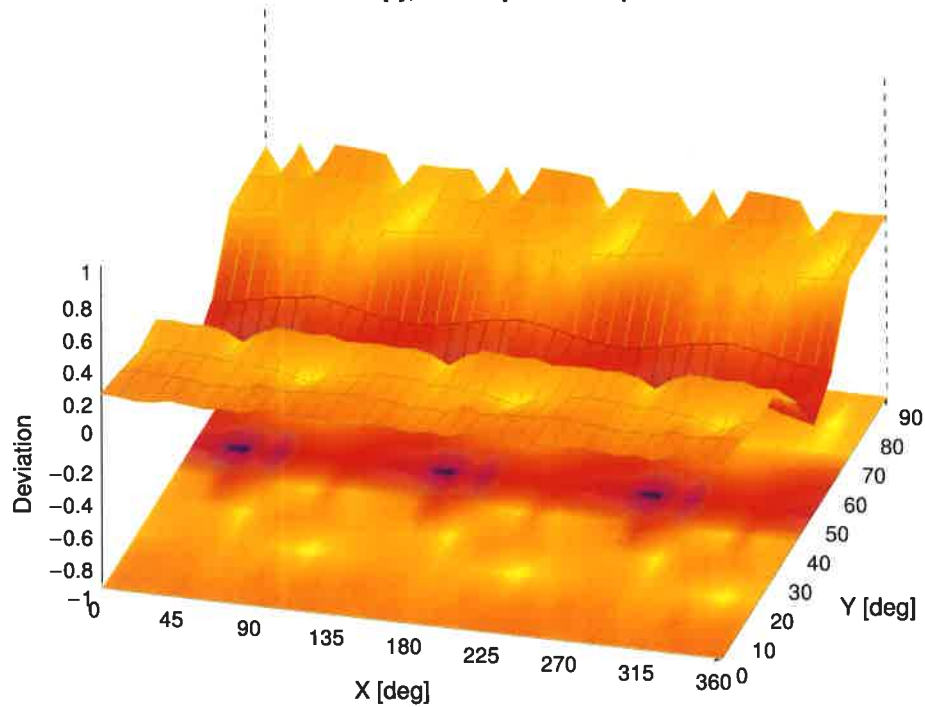
	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V ⁻¹	T1 msV ⁻²	T2 msV ⁻¹	T3 ms	T4 V ⁻²	T5 V ⁻¹	T6
x	63.7	464.13	33.98	2.66	7.68	5.00	0.00	1.87	1.01
y	57.3	415.99	33.77	2.66	8.53	5.01	2.00	2.00	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

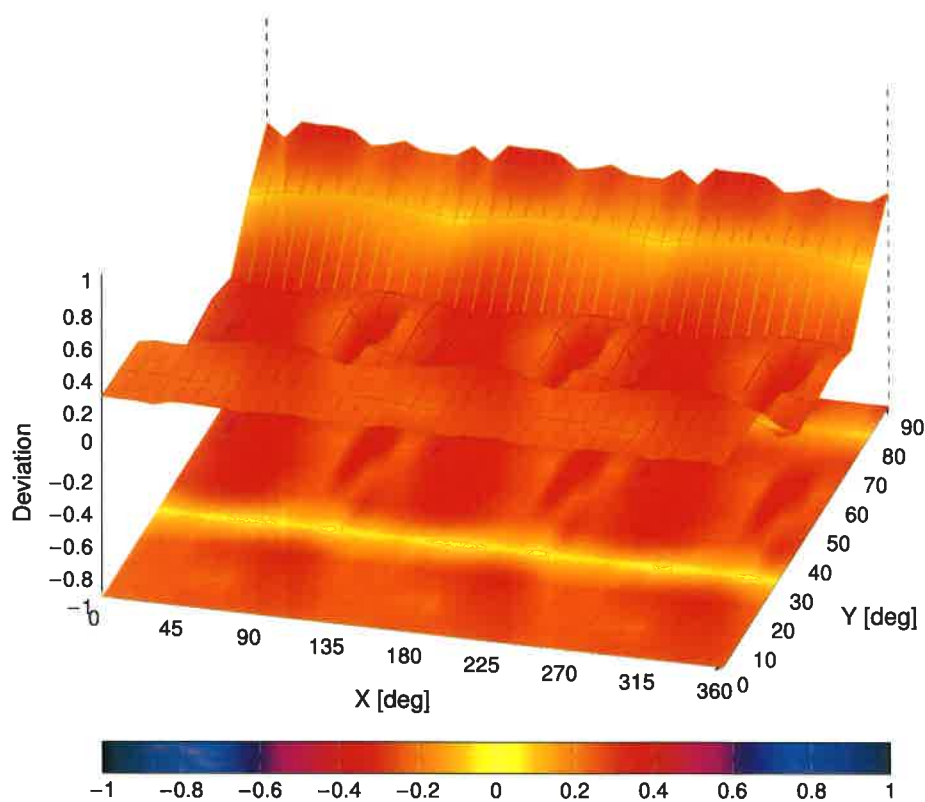
Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle	-21.5°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	320 mm
Probe Body Diameter	8 mm
Tip Length	23 mm
Tip Diameter	8.0 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1.5 mm

Deviation from Isotropy in Air

30GHz: 3D isotropy, E-field parallel to probe axis



60GHz: 3D isotropy, E-field parallel to probe axis



Probe isotropy for E_{tot} : probe rotated $\phi = 0^\circ$ to 360° , tilted from field propagation direction $\vec{k}$
 Parallel to the field propagation ($\psi = 0^\circ - 90^\circ$) at 30 GHz: deviation within ± 0.42 dB
 Parallel to the field propagation ($\psi = 0^\circ - 90^\circ$) at 60 GHz: deviation within ± 0.39 dB